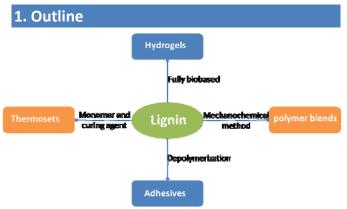


Application Development of Lignin: thermosets and polymer blends

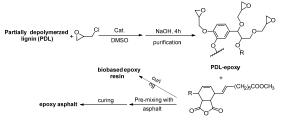
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2. Epoxy resin based on depolymerized lignin

Approach 1: Preparation of epoxy monomer from PDL¹



Scheme 1. synthesis route of epoxy monomer from PDL and curing.

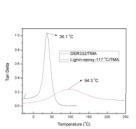


Figure 1. Tan δ versus temp. for DER332 and PDL-epoxy-170 °C.

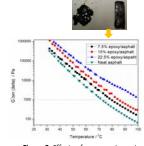
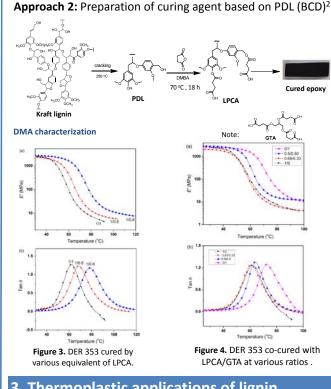


Figure 2. Effects of epoxy resin contents on the rheological properties

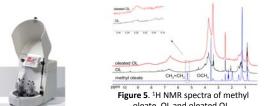


3. Thermoplastic applications of lignin

Mechanochemical synthesis of oleated lignin and its blends with PLA



Scheme 2. Transesterification between lignin and methyl oleate.



oleate, OL and oleated OL..









Figure 6. Photographs of (a) OL and (b) oleated OL after hot-pressing at 180 °C.

Figure 7. PLA/oleated OL blends (a) melt extrusion; (b) melt molding.

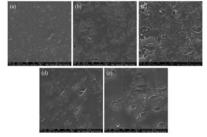


Figure 8. SEM micrograph of cross-section surface of PLA/lignin blends: (a) oleatedOL30, (b) oleatedOL50, (c) oleatedOL70, (d) OL30 and (e) OL50.

Adhesives

4. Conclusion

- Epoxy monomers based on partially depolymerized lignin (PDL) were prepared and used together with a biobased curing agent to modify the performance of asphalt.
- · A polyacid-type curing agent based on PDL was prepared used together with other liquid curing agents for epoxy curing.
- Chemical modification of lignin was effectively achieved via the solventfree ball milling process. The compatibility between oleated lignin and PLA in the polymer blends is greatly increased.
- Hydrogels based on modified lignosulfonate was successfully prepared.
- · Lignin was successfully used as a major ingredient for adhesive application.

1. J. Xin, P. Zhang, M. Wolcott, X. Zhang, J. Zhang, Partial depolymerization of enzymolysis lignin via mild hydrogenolysis over Raney nickel, Bioresource Technology, 2014, 155, 422-426.

2. J. Qin, M. Wolcott, J. Zhang, Use of polycarboxylic acid derived from partially depolymerized lignin as a curing agent for epoxy application, ACS Sustainable Chemistry & Engineering, 2014, 2(2), 188-193.

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